STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
N.C.	17BP.14.R.119	1	7

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

PROJ. REFERENCE NO. <u>17BP.14.R.119</u> F.A. PROJ. <u>N/A</u>	
COUNTY TRANSYLVANIA	
PROJECT DESCRIPTION	
LOW IMPACT BRIDGE REPLACEMENT: DIVISION 14	
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE NO. 870015 OVER TURKEY CREEK	
ON SR 1511 (DEAVOR ROAD)	

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S. GUTOWSKI

C. BRIGGS

D. CORLEY

CONTRACT DRILLER

INVESTIGATED BY TERRACON CONSULTANTS

CHECKED BY______D. CORLEY

SUBMITTED BY ___TERRACON CONSULTANTS

DATE ______ MAY 2014

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF PREPARING THE SCOPE OF WORK TO BE INCLUDED IN THE REDUEST FOR PROPOSAL. THE VARIOUS FELD BORING LOCS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (919) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

SOIL AND ROCK BOUNDARIES WITHIN A BOREHOLE ARE BASED ON GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION UNLESS ENCOUNTERED IN A SAMPLE. INTERPRETED BOUNDARIES MAY NOT NECESSARLY REFLECT ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (IN-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELED ON ONLY TO THE DECREE OF RELIABILITY INTERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST WETHOO. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION, AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR QUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IT IS CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS. OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

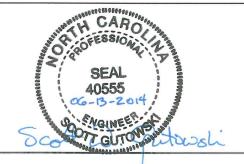
NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

DRAWN BY: S. GUTOWSKI



PH. (704) 509-1777

FAX. (704) 509-1888



PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
17BP.14.R.119	2

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION												CDADATION				
SOIL DESCRIPTION SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED, OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS THAT CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND YIELD LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER FOOT ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (AASHTO T206, ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM. BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOSITURE, AGASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLE:							SOL: ER A N TE DESC TION ASTI	IDATED, AUGER, A ST (AA RIPTION N, AND (ND YIELI SHTO T20 IS GENER OTHER PE TC.EXAM	D LESS THAN 16.ASTM D-19 ALLY SHALL RTINENT FAC PLE:	i86). SOIL	GRADATION WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. (ALSO POORLY GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF GRAINS THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS ANGULAR, SUBDICTURED CORPORATION.				
VERY STIFF, GRAY, SILTY CLAY, NOIST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6												SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED. MINICIPAL OCICAL COMPOSITION				
GENERAL CLASS.									ERIALS		NIC MATER	IALS	MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.			
GROUP	A-1	A-3		A-2				4-5 A	-6 A-7	A-1, A-2	A-4, A-5		COMPRESSIBILITY			
CLASS.	A-1-a A-1-b	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	A-2-4 A-	2-5 A-	2-6 A-2	2-7	Sec .	V .	A-7-5 A-7-6	A-3	A-6, A-7		SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT LESS THAN 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT EQUAL TO 31-50			
SYMBOL	0000000000			1		X	1	7:7					HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LIQUID LIMIT GREATER THAN 50			
% PASSING # 10	50 MX									GRANULAR	SILT-	MUCK.	PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL GRANULAR SILT - CLAY			
* 40	30 MX 50 MX 15 MX 25 MX		25 44 25	MY OF	MV DE	MV 00 14				SOILS	CLAY SOILS	PEAT	URGANIC MATERIAL SOILS SOILS OTHER MATERIAL			
LIQUID LIMIT	15 141 25 141	ארו שו					\top						TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20%			
PLASTIC INDEX	6 MX	NP	40 MX 41 10 MX 10									HIGHLY	MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC >10% >20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE			
GROUP INDEX	0	0	ø		4 MX	8 M	x 12	мх 16	MX No M	MODER AMOUN		ORGANIC	GROUND WATER			
USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR	STONE FRAGS. GRAVEL, AND	FINE	SILTY				ILTY		CLAYEY	ORGAN	IC	SOILS	WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING			
MATERIALS	SAND	SAND	GRAVE	L AND	SAND	S	OILS	S	SOILS	MATTE	н		lacksquare static water level after 24 hours			
GEN. RATING AS A	EXC	ELLEN	IT TO GC	OD			FAI	IR TO	POOR	FAIR TO POOR	POOR	UNSUITABLE	LE PERCHED WATER, SATURATED ZONE, OR WATER BEARING STRATA			
SUBGRADE	05 4 7 5 6	CLIDCI	OUD TO			DØ . DI	OF	^ 7 /	CURC		11 20		SPRING OR SEEP			
F1	OF A-7-5 9	SUBUI							NESS	10UF 15 >	LL - 30		MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS			
PRIMARY	SOIL TYPE	C	OMPACTN	ESS C)R	RAN	IGE	OF STA			OF UNCONF		ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION SPT OPT OF THE TEST BORING W/ CORE			
			CONSIS					-VALUE:		(TONS/FT ²)			- III			
GENER			VERY LO				4	<4 TO 10					SOIL SYMBOL HOULT BUILDE			
GRANULAR MEDIUM DENSE MATERIAL DENSE				10 TO 30 N/A 30 TO 50						ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER - CORE BORING REF SPT REFUSAL THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT						
(NUN-	COHESIVE)		VERY DE				50	>50					MONITORING WELL			
GENER	ALLY		VERY SOFT	ΙFΤ			2	<2 TO 4		<0.25			. DIEZOMETED			
SILT-0	CLAY		MEDIUM STIFF		•		4	4 TO 8 0.5 TO 1.0					INSTALLATION			
(COHE			VERY ST				8 TO 15 1 TO 2 15 TO 30 2 TO 4						SLOPE INDICATOR INSTALLATION			
				XTU	RE	OR G		>30 IN S	IZE		>4		25/025 DIP & DIP DIRECTION OF ROCK STRUCTURES CONE PENETROMETER TEST			
U.S. STD. SI OPENING (M				4 4.76	10 2.0		Ø 42	60 0.29					● SOUNDING ROD			
BOULDE	B CO	BBLE	GI	RAVEL		COA			FIN		SILT	CLAY	ABBREVIATIONS AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST			
(BLDR	,) ((OB.)		(GR.)		(CSI	. S[SAN (F. S	0.)	(SL.)	(CL.)	BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT			
	MM 305 N. 12		75 3		2.0			0.2	5	0.05	0.005	i	CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC $\mathring{7}_d$ - DRY UNIT WEIGHT CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC			
	SC		MOIST					10174	I OF	TERMS			DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK			
	MOISTURE S RBERG LIMI				ESCRI	OISTURE PTION	E	GU	IDE FOR	FIELD MOI	STURE DES	SCRIPTION	e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE			
				-	SATUR	RATED -		US	UALLY	_IQUID; VER	r WET, USL	JALLY	FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK			
(SAT.) FROM BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE						FF	OM BEL	OW THE GR	DUND WATE	ER TABLE	FRAGS FRAGMENTS w - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING					
PLASTIC SEMISOLID; REQUIRES DRYING TO										D	HI HIGHLY V - VERY RATIO					
(PI) PLASTIC LIMITATTAIN OPTIMUM MOISTURE						A.	TAIN O	PTIMUM MOI	STURE		EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE:					
	ODTIMUM	a MOI	CTUDE		MOIS	T - (M)			SOLID: A	Γ OR NEAR	OPTIMUM I	MOISTURE	DRILL UNITS: FIDYHING TOOLS: X AUTOMATIC MANUAL			
OM OPTIMUM MOISTURE SL SHRINKAGE LIMIT									TO THOS SOLE		MOBILE B CLAY BITS					
					- DRY	- (D)				ADDITIONAL		0	6° CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE:			
ATTAIN OPTIMUM MUISTURE							THIN U	TIMOM MOI	STURE							
PLASTICITY PLASTICITY INDEX (PI) DRY STRENGTH						UBA CII	RENGTH		— CME-45C							
NONPLASTIC				ø	-5	-/\ \	,		VERY	LOW		X CME-550 TUNGCARBIDE INSERTS -H				
LOW PLAST MED. PLAST					6- 16-	-15 -25				SLIG MEDI			CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS:			
HIGH PLAS					26	6 OR MORE				HIG			PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH POST HOLE DIGGER TRICONE TRICONE TUNG-CARB. HAND AUGER			
						COLO							- COUNTING POR			
	ONS MAY IN											GRAY).	CORE BIT SOUNDING NOD VANE SHEAR TEST			
MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.									J DLJC	ALLEH						

PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.
17BP.14.R.119	2A

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

	BUCK	DESCRIPTION	TERMS AND DEFINITIONS
ROCK LINE SPT REFUS	IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THA INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-C AL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON	JE SCATT I TOIN I F TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. AN INFERRED OASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. OASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. STAN BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE	ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA.
OF WEATHE			ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND.
WEATHERED	NON-COASTAL PI	AIN MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > 100	ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC.
CRYSTALLINE		T IF TESTED. GRAIN IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC ROCK THAT PT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE,	ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE.
NON-CRYSTAL	GNEISS, GABBRO, FINE TO COARSE		CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM
ROCK (NCR) COASTAL PLA: SEDIMENTARY	INCLUDES PHYLL COASTAL PLAIN	ITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. SEDIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD OCK TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED	OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
(CP)	SHELL BEDS, ETC		DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT
FRESH		DINTS MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING. ROCK RINGS UNDER	ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. <u>DIP</u> - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL.
VERY SLIGHT	ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAIN CRYSTALS ON A BROKEN SPECIMEN FAC	ED, SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, E SHINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF	DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH.
SLIGHT (SLI.)		ED AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO AY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR	FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE.
(SLI.)		CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.	FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES.
MODERATE (MOD.)	GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS AR	DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN E DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY, ROCK HAS	FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL.
MODERATELY	WITH FRESH ROCK.	D SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED	FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM.
MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD. SEV.)	AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHO	OR STAINED, IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL W KAOLINIZATION, ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH GIST'S PICK, ROCK GIVES 'CLUNK' SOUND WHEN STRUCK.	FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD.
	IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL		JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED.
SEVERE (SEV.)	IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRAEXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG		LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT.
VERY SEVERE (V SEV.)	THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED T REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE	10 BPF OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT D SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR RIC REMAIN. IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N. VALUES < 100 BPF	LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTILED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS, MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM.
COMPLETE		NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND	RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK.
	ALSO AN EXAMPLE.	MAY BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS	ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND
	ROCK	HARDNESS	EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
VERY HARD	SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOG		SAPPOLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND
HARD	TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.	CONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED	RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS.
MODERATELY HARD		COUDES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE LOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED	SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE.
MEDIUM HARD		CHES DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. TO PEICES 1 INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE)(SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS.
SOFT		BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN RESSURE.	STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
VERY SOFT		EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 1 INCH EN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY	STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SRQD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE.
	RACTURE SPACING	BEDDING THICKNESS	TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.
TERM VERY WID	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TERM THICKNESS VERY THICKLY BEDDED > 4 FEET	BENCH MARK: BMI(N: 575130.66, E: 895545.72)
WIDE	3 TO 10 FEET ELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET	THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET	ELEVATION: 2122.80 FT.
CLOSE VERY CLO	0.16 TO 1 FEET	VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET	NOTES: FIAD - FILLED IN AFTER DRILLING
	IND	URATION	
FOR SEDIMENT		NG OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.	
FR	GENTLE	WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE.	
MOI		CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE: EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.	

DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.

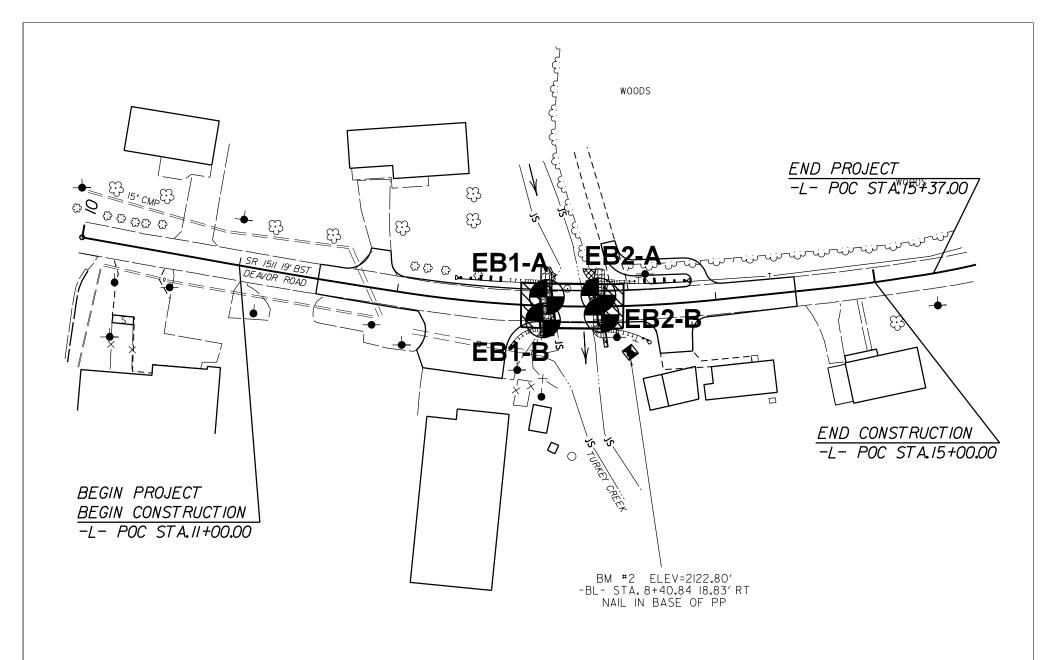
SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

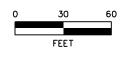
INDURATED

EXTREMELY INDURATED

GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE;

SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE:





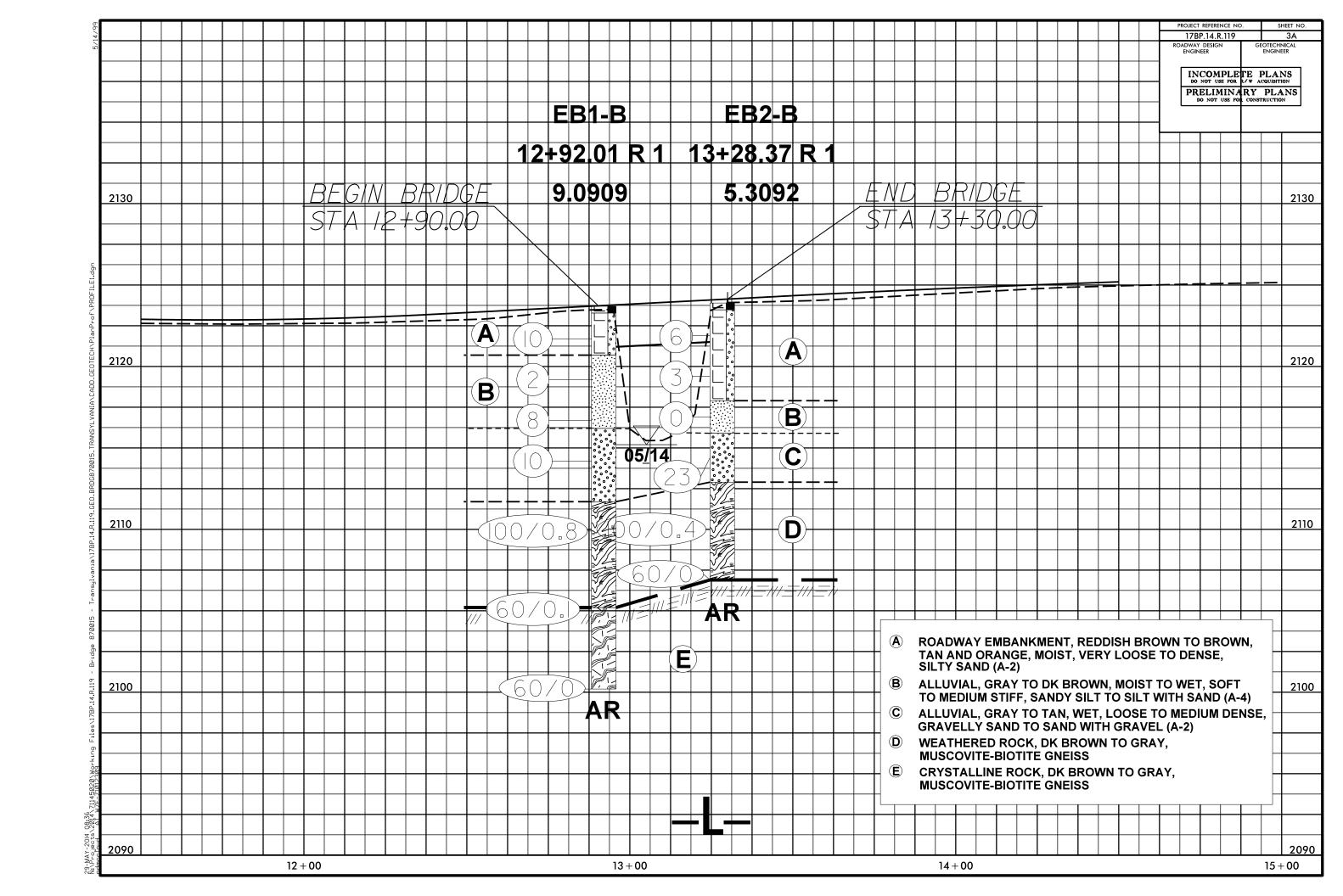
SCALE: 1:60	PROJ. REFERENCE NUMBER: 17BP 14 R 119
DATE: MAY 2014	BRIDGE NUMBER: 870015
DRAWN BY:	COUNTY:
SWG	TRANSYLVANIA
APPROVED BY:	TERRACON PROJECT:
DJC	71145020

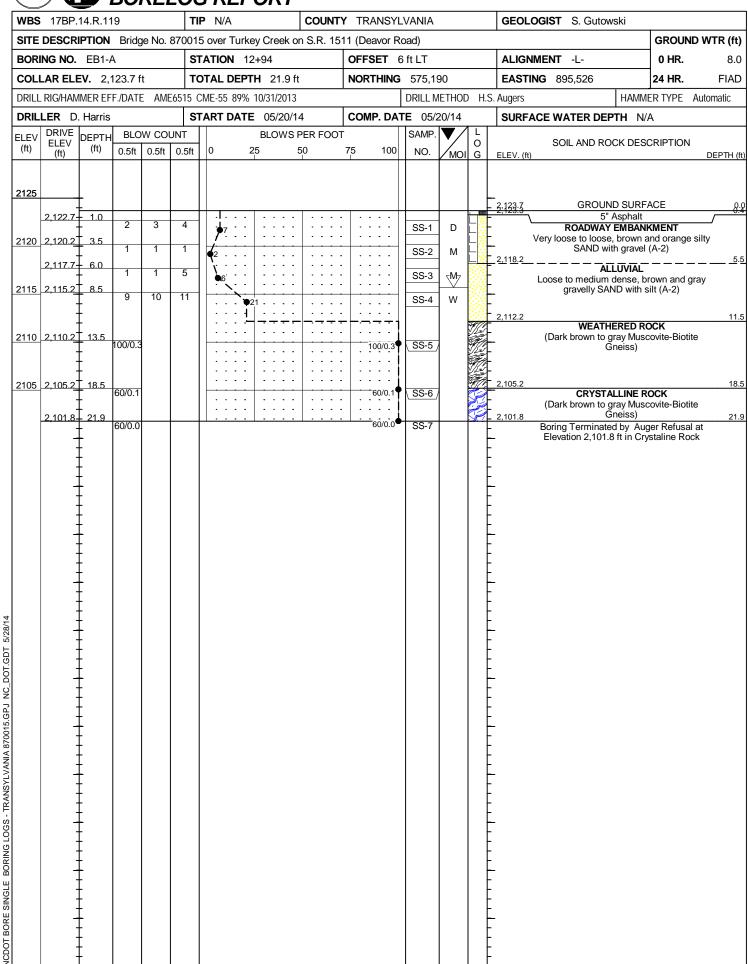


BORING LOCATION DIAGRAM

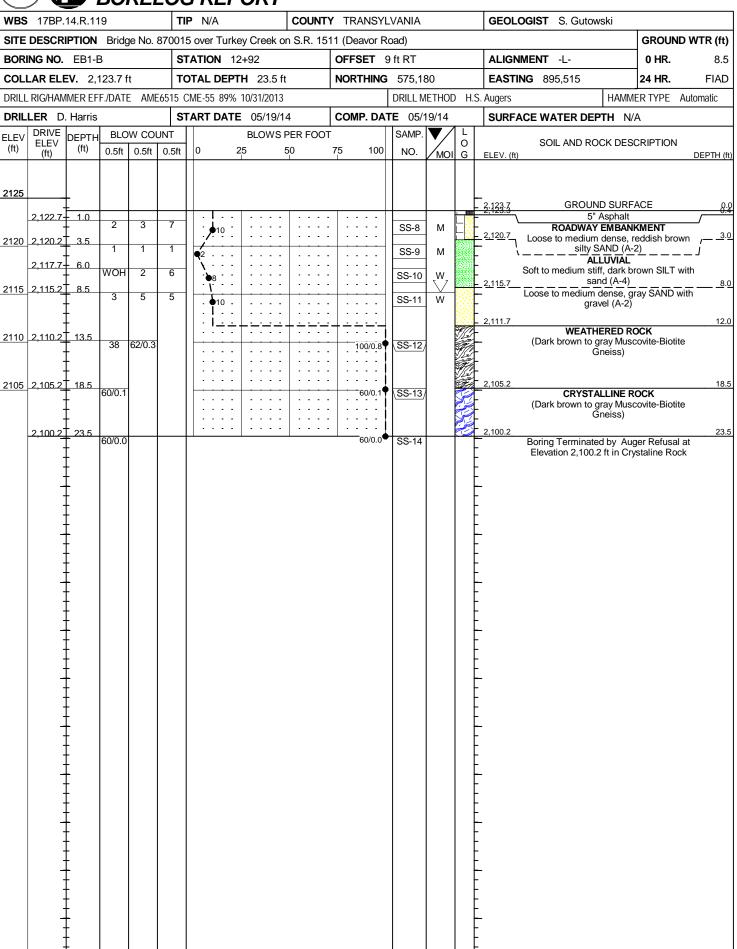
BRIDGE NO. 870015 OVER TURKEY CREEK ON SR 1511 (DEAVOR ROAD) SHEET

3

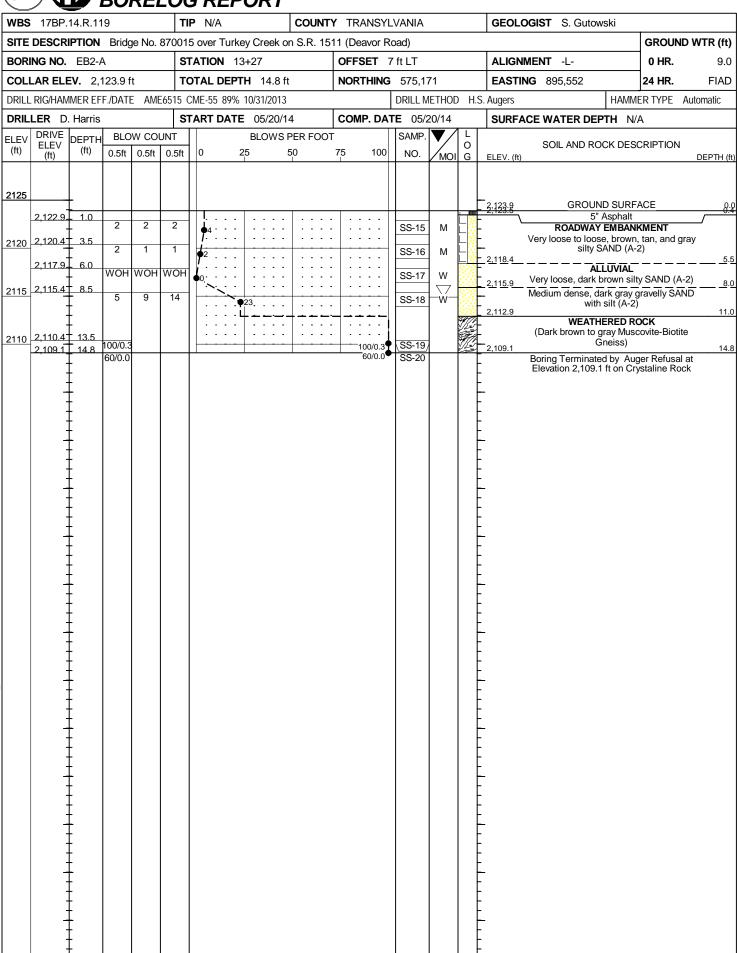




VCDOT BORE SINGLE BORING LOGS - TRANSYLVANIA 870015.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT



VCDOT BORE SINGLE BORING LOGS - TRANSYLVANIA 870015.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT



VCDOT BORE SINGLE BORING LOGS - TRANSYLVANIA 870015.GPJ NC_DOT.GDT

